

$$\int_3^1 4t^{3/2} + t^{1/2} dt$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{2}{5} t^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9} t^{3/2} \Big|_3^1$$

$$= - \left( \frac{8}{5} t^{5/2} + \frac{2}{9} t^{3/2} \right) \Big|_3^1$$

$$\int_1^{27} \frac{t+1}{\sqrt{t}} dt = \int \sqrt{t} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{t}} dt$$

$$\int t^{1/2} + t^{-1/2} dt = \frac{2}{3} t^{3/2} + 2t^{1/2} \Big|_1^{27}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (27)^{3/2} + 2(27)^{1/2} - \left( \frac{2}{3} + 2 \right)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} (27)^{3/2} + 2(27)^{1/2} - 2^{2/3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{29} \quad \int_{-2}^{-1} \frac{1}{x^3} dx &= \int_{-2}^{-1} x^{-3} dx \\ -\frac{1}{2} x^{-2} \Big|_{-2}^{-1} &= -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{(-1)^2} - \frac{1}{(-2)^2} \right) \\ -\frac{1}{2} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{4} \right) &= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{4} = -\frac{3}{8} \end{aligned}$$

$$w \text{ Dewar } (55.6 - 22.1x^{0.16}, x, 20)$$

$$\frac{^{\circ}\text{F}}{\text{mph}}$$

At 32°F, The wind chill goes down ~0.285°F if wind speed increases from 20 to 21 mph

$$c) \quad \frac{dw}{dt} = \frac{dw}{dv} \cdot \frac{dv}{dt}$$