

5.2

$$\int_0^2 e^{-x^3} dx$$

$$e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

$$e^{-x^3} = 1 - x^3 + \frac{x^6}{2!} - \frac{x^9}{3!} + \frac{x^{12}}{4!} - \frac{x^{15}}{5!} \dots \frac{x^{3n}}{n!}$$

$$\int e^{-x^3} dx = \int \left( 1 - x^3 + \frac{x^6}{2!} - \frac{x^9}{3!} + \dots \right) dx$$

$$x - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^7}{14} - \frac{x^{10}}{60} + \frac{x^{13}}{13(4!)} - \frac{x^{16}}{16(5!)} \dots \frac{x^{3n+1}}{(3n+1)n!}$$

$$= 2 - \frac{2^4}{4} + \frac{2^7}{14} - \frac{2^{10}}{60} + \dots \quad \text{error} < \text{first omitted term}$$

$$\frac{2^{3n+1}}{(3n+1)n!} < 10^{-4} \quad \text{we need 24 terms}$$

$$24\text{th term} < 10^{-4}$$

(51)  $\int_0^1 \tan^{-1}(x^2) dx$        $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2} = \frac{1}{1-x^2}$

$\int \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = \int 1 - x^2 + x^4 - x^6 \dots dx$        $1 - x^2 + x^4 - x^6 \dots$

$\tan^{-1} x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{x^7}{7} \dots$

$\tan^{-1} x^2 = x^2 - \frac{x^6}{3} + \frac{x^{10}}{5} - \frac{x^{14}}{7} \dots$        $\frac{x^{4n+2}}{2n+1}$

$\int \tan^{-1} x^2 = \frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^7}{21} + \frac{x^{11}}{55} - \frac{x^{15}}{105} - \dots - \frac{x^{4n+3}}{(2n+1)(4n+3)} \Big|_0^1$

$= \frac{1^{4n+3}}{(2n+1)(4n+3)} = \frac{1}{(2n+1)(4n+3)} < 10^{-4}$

$(2n+1)(4n+3) > 10^4$

34 terms