

$$\textcircled{37} \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 t}{t^3} = \frac{\sin t}{t} \cdot \frac{\sin t}{t} \cdot \frac{1}{t}$$

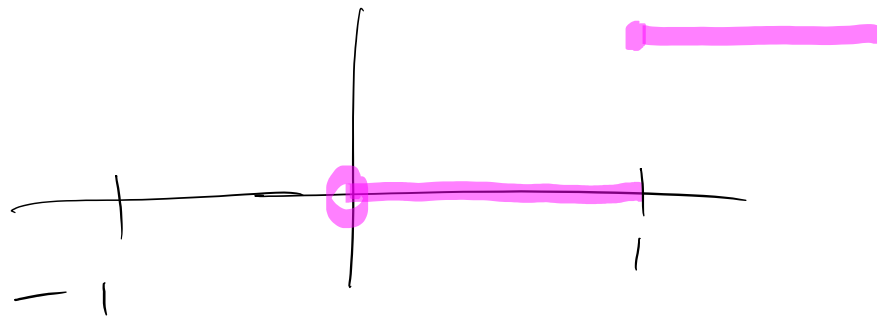
$\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow$
 $1 \quad \quad 1 \quad \quad \infty$

DNE

③ $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{[x]}{x} = 0$

$[2.1] = 2$
 $[2.999] = 2$
 $[2] = 2$

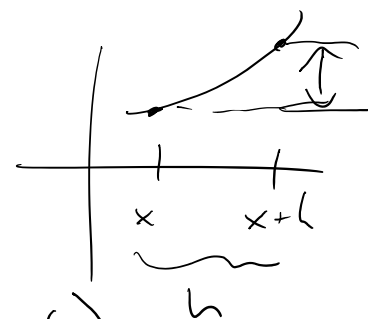
$[]$ greatest integer function



Use limit definition of derivative

to find $g'(x)$ if $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.

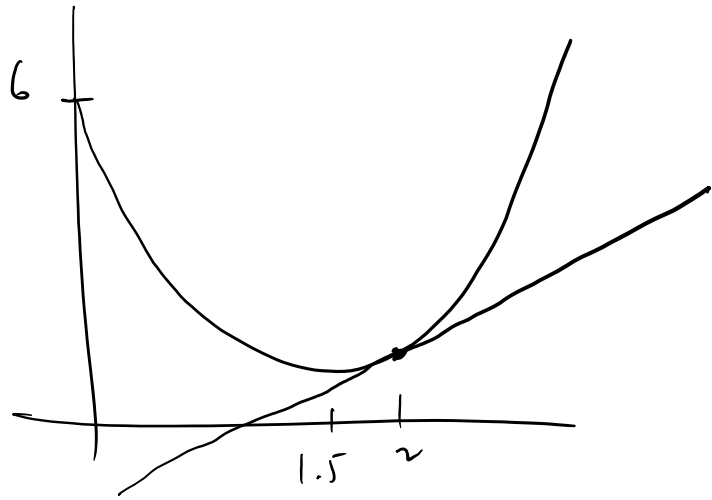
$$g'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(x+h) - g(x)}{h}$$



$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x+h} - \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{x+h}{x+h}}{h} = \frac{x - (x+h)}{h x (x+h)}$$

$$\frac{-h}{h x (x+h)} = -\frac{1}{x(x+h)} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos^3 x}{x^2}$$



$$f'(x)$$